

Anti-Ragging Committee

An Anti-Ragging Committee is a formal body established within educational institutions to prevent and address ragging. Its primary responsibilities include implementing anti-ragging policies, creating awareness, monitoring campus activities, supporting victims, investigating complaints, and taking disciplinary action against perpetrators.



Types of Ragging

Ragging can take various forms, ranging from mild to severe. Some common types include:

Verbal Ragging: Involves abusive language, insults, or derogatory remarks directed at junior students.

Physical Ragging: Includes physical abuse, such as hitting, slapping, or forcing juniors to perform physical tasks.

Psychological Ragging: Imposes mental stress through intimidation, humiliation, or isolating the victim.

Sexual Ragging: Involves sexual abuse or harassment, including inappropriate comments, gestures, or physical contact.

Cyber Ragging: Using digital platforms to harass, threaten, or bully juniors through social media, messaging apps, or emails.

Laws in India for Ragging

In India, the legal framework against ragging is stringent. Key laws and regulations include:

The Ragging Prohibition Act: Various states have their anti-ragging laws. For example, the Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act, of 1999, imposes penalties including imprisonment and fines.

UGC Regulations on Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009: The University Grants Commission (UGC) has established regulations requiring institutions to form Anti-Ragging Committees and Squads, submit affidavits by students and parents, and implement measures to prevent ragging. Institutions failing to comply can face derecognition and other penalties.

Supreme Court of India Directives: The Supreme Court has issued several directives to curb ragging, including forming committees, setting up helplines, and imposing strict penalties on institutions that fail to prevent ragging.

Sankanur Institute of Nursing Gadag Anti Ragging Committee -2023-24 Committee Incharge: Mrs. Rashmi D H

Sl.No	Name	Designation
01	Prof S V Sankanur	Chairman
02	Dr Prakash Sankanur	Director
03	Dr Shweta Sankanur	Director
04	Subhash Sankanur	Board member
05	Dr Meenaxi Devangmath	Principal
06	Vidyanand Naik	Deputy Superintendent of Police
07	Ishwar Chikmath	Advocate
08	Mrs. Rashmi D H	Assistant professor
09	Ms. Radha Sarvade	Tutor
10	Ms. Sharada Mulimani	Tutor
11	Ms Sumitra Gadagi	Tutor
12	Mr Santosh	Clerk
13	Ms. Shweta Jalihal	Student
14	Mr.Gurukiran Nigade	Student
15	Ms. Salma Honnalli	Student
16	Mr. Irfan Nadaf	Student

Punishments for Ragging

The punishments for ragging vary based on the offense's severity and the institution's or country's regulations. Common punishments include:

Warning: For minor first-time offenses, students may receive a formal warning.

Suspension: Temporarily suspending the student from attending classes or participating in campus activities.

Expulsion: Permanent removal from the institution.

Debarment from Examinations: Restricting the student from appearing in exams for a specified period.

Fine: Imposing a monetary penalty.

Legal Action: Filing a police complaint and initiating criminal proceedings, which could result in imprisonment.

Anti-Ragging Program - 18th August 2023

The Sankanur Institute of Nursing, in association with Sankanur Hospital and Research Centre, Gadag, conducted an Anti-Ragging Week program on August 18, 2023. The workshop provided comprehensive education on the meaning of ragging, its severe consequences, its associated punishments, and the guidelines established by the University Grants Commission (UGC). Additionally, the workshop highlighted various measures designed to curb the menace of ragging, ensuring a safe and supportive environment for all students.